Geography

Place Knowledge

Year groups 1 & 2



What	London, Capital of the UK	Beijing, Capital of China
	Population: 8.982 million	Population: 21.54 million
Continent	Europe	Asia
Physical	• Modern London has the equable climate	• The climate varies from warm
features of	of South East England, with mild	tropical weather (in the south) to
the place	winters and temperate summers. The	subarctic (as low as 30°C in the
	average temperature is 11.1 degrees.	north). The average temperature is 13
	• Divided into two main zones: Highlands	degrees.
	include rugged hills, rocky mountains,	• The city is 39% flat land and the
	valleys, and plains. This area has a cooler	other 61% is quite mountainous area.
	climate and is generally unsuitable for	• The main rivers that flow through the
	farming. Lowland zone, where much of its	territory include Yongding river,
	population is concentrated, includes	Chaobai river, North canal, and Juma
	gentle slopes and warmer temperatures.	river.
	• The main river that runs through the	
	city is the River Thames.	
Human	• People live in houses, high-rise flats and	• People live in houses and high-rise
features of	apartments.	flats in the city.
the place	• The Shard (310m) is the tallest	• Key Landmarks include The
1	Skyscraper in Europe where people live.	Forbidden City or Forbidden Palace,
	• There are Many parks, museums,	Tiananmen Square, Beijing National
	shopping malls and supermarkets	Stadium and The Great Wall of China.
	• Key Landmarks include the Houses of	• There are any parks, museums,
	Parliament, The Tower of London, The	temples, shopping malls and
	London Eye, Buckingham Palace and St Paul's Cathedral.	supermarkets
		• Lots of train stations and 2 airports.
	• Lots of train stations, underground tube stations and airports. The tram system in	• Many tourists visit Beijing.
	London was the oldest in the world,	
	going all the way back into the early	
	Victorian times and is remains the largest	
	system today.	
	Many tourists visit London.	
	Trang tourists visit London.	







Climate	What the weather is like over	
	a long period.	
Culture	The 'way of life' of a country	
	or group of people, e.g.	
	tradition, dress, language,	
	religion.	
Human-made	Built by humans.	
Landmarks	Important objects or features	
	of the landscape.	
Population	The number of people living	
- opanacion	there.	
Environment	All the physical surroundings	
	on Earth are called the	
	environment.	
Capital City	The capital city , often called	
	the capital, is the one from	
	where the government of a	
	country functions.	
Tourist	When people travel for	
	pleasure/fun, they are	
	called tourists.	

